# Jamestown & the Chesapeake









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## **England**

- Liberties
  - Unwritten constitution (started w/Magna Carta)
  - Limited monarch's power
    - Depended on Parliament for revenue
    - English Civil War between Parliament and Crown left Parliament victorious

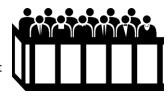






#### - Common Law

- Habeas Corpus
  - People could only be arrested or have goods seized if a court issued a warrant
- Trial by jury







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- Joint-stock companies spurred commercial expansion
  - Stockholders pool money to share risks and profits
  - Exploration businesses







## Spanish vs. English

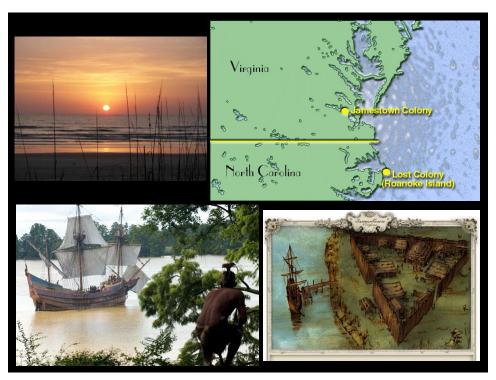


- Spanish Colonies
  - Conquered empires & replaced them with Spanish authority
  - Regulated all aspects of life
  - Mixed Native and European culture



- · English Colonies
  - No empires in North America (why was population so low?)
  - First colonies run by corporations
  - Settlers tried to transplant English life to New World, not mix their culture with Amerindians
    - In the end they modified English life to fit the environment, and forced out Amerindians.

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## Jamestown





- First successful English colony in North America
- Established by Virginia Company in 1607.
  - They hope to find gold or a passage to Asia, but all they found was a swamp. They settled at a bend in the river hoping that no rival Europeans would find & kill them.
  - 14,000 migrated between 1607 and 1624, but by 1624 only 1,132 were left (8%). Starvation, disease, and fights with Indians took the rest.

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#### John Smith

- A mercenary hired by the Virginia Company.
- Saved Jamestown from disaster
- Said "He that will not work will not eat."
- He kept the colony going for a time but it still wasn't profitable.









- Local chief was Powhatan
  - Chief of around 10,000







- After John Smith left most of the colonists died of disease or starvation
  - One man was executed for killing his pregnant wife and feasting on her remains

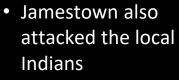


- Later leaders enforced a strict militaristic discipline
  - Those who tried to escape & join the Indians were hanged or burned at the stake
  - One man caught stealing oatmeal was chained to a tree & left to starve to death as an example









 Pocahontas was kidnapped and held hostage, but she decided to join the English





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- Amerindians were not helpless victims, but independent actors.
- Pocahontas married John Rolfe, who started growing tobacco in Virginia







# Soon millions of pounds of tobacco were sold in England





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### Tobacco made Virginia rich, but VA needed workers



- Indentured Servants
  - Temporary slaves (3 to 7 years) work in exchange for transportation to the New World
    - Workers were beaten or raped, but the owner had to give them money, or "freedom dues" at the end of their service





- "Headright" system
  - Colonist gets land if he pays for an indentured servant to cross the Atlantic

#### African Slaves

- Dutch traders brought them to Jamestown in 1619
- At first they were treated as indentured servants, not property
- After their term of service ended, some went on to own land and buy their own slaves







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## Virginia Government

- In 1624 the Virginia Company was dissolved
- Royal colony
  - Royal Governor, Elected Assembly, & Anglican Church
- House of Burgesses
  - Representative assembly
  - Colonists had been allowed a representative assembly since 1619 so the crown allowed it to continue

• Planters began to consolidate their political power in the mid 17<sup>th</sup> century



